

# Water Damage Mitigation SOP & Crew Setup Checklist

## 1. PURPOSE

Establish a consistent, professional process for water damage mitigation that:

- Dries structures efficiently
- Prevents mold growth
- Protects indoor air quality
- Meets industry standards (IICRC S500)

## 2. SCOPE

Applies to:

- Residential & commercial water losses
- Storm damage, plumbing failures, leaks, floods
- Categories 1, 2, and 3 water losses

## 3. REQUIRED EQUIPMENT

Drying Equipment

- AlorAir LGR Dehumidifier(s)
- Air movers (axial or centrifugal)
- HEPA Air Scrubber(s) (CleanShield or PureAiro)

Monitoring Tools

- Moisture meter (penetrating & non-penetrating)
- Hygrometer (RH, temperature, GPP)
- Thermal imaging camera (optional)

Containment & Safety

- Plastic sheeting (6 mil)
- Zip poles / containment poles
- PPE (gloves, respirators, Tyvek suits, eye protection)

## 4. CREW ROLES

Crew Lead / Project Manager

- Assess damage and create drying plan
- Determine equipment count and placement
- Communicate with homeowner/insurance

Technicians

- Set up equipment
- Perform demolition if needed
- Monitor drying progress

## 5. SOP PROCESS

### STEP 1: Initial Inspection & Safety

- Identify water source and stop it
- Determine water category (1 / 2 / 3)
- Check for electrical hazards
- Document pre-loss condition (photos/video)
- Set drying goals (based on unaffected areas)

### STEP 2: Water Extraction

- Remove standing water (extractors/pumps)
- Remove saturated contents (carpet pad, furniture)
- Dispose of unsalvageable materials (per category)

### STEP 3: Controlled Demolition (As needed)

- Remove baseboards, drywall, insulation
- Open wall cavities if moisture detected
- Bag and remove debris properly

## SOP Process (continued)

### STEP 4: Containment Setup (Critical)

- Install plastic containment barriers
- Seal off unaffected areas
- Create negative air zone if mold or Cat 2/3

### STEP 5: Equipment Setup

Dehumidifier Placement

- Place centrally or in largest affected area
- Ensure clear airflow (no obstructions)
- Connect continuous drainage

Air Movers

- Position every 10–16 linear feet
- Aim airflow across wet surfaces (not directly at each other)
- Create circular airflow pattern

Air Scrubber Setup

- Place inside containment area
- Run continuously (24/7)
- Vent to exterior if creating negative air

### STEP 6: Initial Readings

- Record:
  - Ambient temperature
  - Relative humidity (RH)
  - GPP (grains per pound)
  - Moisture content of materials

- Set baseline drying targets

### STEP 7: Drying Phase (24–72+ hours)

Daily Monitoring Checklist

- Check and log moisture readings
- Adjust equipment placement as needed
- Ensure all units are running properly
- Empty/verify drainage systems
- Inspect for mold or odor

Adjustments

- Add/remove air movers based on progress
- Reposition dehumidifier if needed
- Increase containment if contamination spreads

### STEP 8: Air Quality Control

- Keep air scrubbers running at all times
- Replace filters as needed
- Maintain negative air pressure (if applicable)

### STEP 9: Drying Verification

- Compare affected areas to dry standard
- Confirm materials are at acceptable moisture levels
- Perform final moisture mapping

### STEP 10: Equipment Removal

- Remove equipment once drying goals met
- Clean and sanitize equipment
- Remove containment barriers

### STEP 11: Post-Mitigation

- Apply antimicrobial treatment if needed
- Prepare area for rebuild
- Final documentation for insurance